

Educate, Automate, Delegate

3 Simple Steps to Better Outcomes for Retirement Plan Participants



How did we get here?
Transition from DB to DC
Limited Financial Literacy

Individual Investor Underperformance

Average Account Balances and Savings Rates Human Behavioral Challenges

Why does it matter?

Morale Healthcare Costs Lost Productivity Workforce Management

What can we do? Educate Automate

Delegate

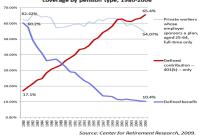


How Did We Get Here?



Responsibility Shift

Figure 3: Percentage of private sector workers with pension coverage by pension type, 1980-2006



Unknown Unknowns

1. Suppose you have \$100 in a savings account earning 2% interest a year. After 5 years, how much would you have?

a. >\$102 b. \$102 c. <\$102

2. Imagine the interest rate on your savings account is 1% a year, and inflation is 2% a year. After one year, would the money in the account buy more than today, the same, or less?

a More b Same c less

3. If interest rates rise, what will typically happen to bond prices? Rise, fall, stay the same, or is there n

a. Rise b. Fall

b. Fall c. Stay Same d. Not related

4. A 15 year mortgage typically requires higher monthly payments than a 30 year mortgage, but the total interest over the life of the loan will be less?

a. True b. Fals

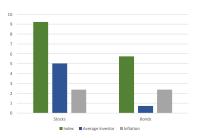
5. Buying a single company's stock usually provides a safer return than a stock mutual fund?

a. True b. False

61% got 3 or fewer of the financial literacy questions correct!

Emotion v Logic

Average Investor returns compared to index 1994 - 2013



DALBAR 2014 QAIS

	Emotion v Logic	
200.00	BUY SELL SELL	
80.00 40.00 Volume	1998 2002 2006 2010 2014 1998 2002 2000 2010 2014	
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Where Are We Now?



Current State

Average Savings of a 50 year old - \$43,797

% of people ages 30-54 who don't think they'll have enough to retire: 80%

% of Americans who don't save anything for retirement: 36%

Census Bureau Sananton Companies Bankrate

Inertia **Behavioral Principle 1: Inertia** Germany Austria **12**% 1% ✓ donate organs ✓ don't donate 12% Donors 99% Donors Loss Aversion **Behavioral Principle 2: Loss Aversion** Myopia Behavioral Principle 3: Present Bias (Myopia) **74**% **26**% **30**% **70**%

Optimism Bias	
Healthy and Genetic: When we think we're going to do better, we tend to do better	
when we timin we regoing to do better, we tend to do better	
Downside:	
Perception that potential negative outcomes only affect others	
2/3 of you will not have enough to retire the way you want	
(hint: it might not be the person to your left and the person to your right)	
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Why Does It Matter?	
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Morale	
FINANCIAL STRESS TOPS THE LIST	
SOURCES OF STRESS	
MONEY 75% WORK 70%	
ECONOMY 67%	-
RELATIONSHIPS 58% FAMILY RESPONSIBILITIES	
57% American Psychological Association, Stress in America**. Our Health at Risk, January 2012	
65% of workers consider themselves something less than 'highly engaged' 1	
There are 22 million actively disengaged employees costing the economy as	
much as \$350 billion dollars per year in lost productivity including absenteeism, presenteeism, illness and other low morale issues ²	
¹ "Towers Watson, 2012 Circled Worlforce Study, Engagement at Risk: Driving Strong Performance in a Global Volable Endreament, p. 2. 2 Tink, Noola, The High Cost of Law Montel: Now to Address Low Montel in the Worlpäsen through-Servard Leadership	

Healthcare Costs One of the Biggest Costs to Employers is the Cost of Financially Stressed FINANCIAL STRESS MANIFESTS AS Employees Employees Stress About Money > Financial stress is the #1 cause of stress-related illnesses1 > 24% higher healthcare costs in people who are stressed about finances² Impact to Your Institution > Recurring financial education helps reduce stress and healthcare costs among employees in a 2009 study¹ Productivity 83% of HR professionals said employees' personal financial challenges had at least some impact on their overall work performance 44% of employees worry about personal finances during work ours 29% said they spend time dealing with personal finances during work hours, with nearly half of them spending 2-3 hours per week That's roughly 3 full weeks every year! Workforce Management Additional Cost to employers is between \$10,000 and \$50,000 per year, per employee for every year a participant delays retirement beyond normal retirement age¹ 100 participants delaying retirement by 5 years could cost \$5 to \$25 million dollars

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What Can We Do?



Segmentation

Passive / Disengaged 48%
Interested 30%
Active 22%

Source: J.P. Morgan participant data, 2

Educate

HR Issue	Impact to Employer	How Financial Wellness Programs can Address the Issue
Health Care Costs	Financial stress is the number one stressor for employees, and one of the most damaging on the body. See page 3 for the correlation between financial stress and serious medical conditions.	Financial wellness programs have been proven to reduce employees' financial stress and save health care costs.
Delayed Retirement Costs	Employees today are inadequately prepared for retirement, with only 18% indicating they are on track to replace 80% of their income in retirement according to recent research from Financial Finesse. For every year an employee delays retirement, an employer faces costs between \$10,000 and \$30,000 according to industry research.	Financial education can dramatically improve employees' retirement preparedness by helping them better manage their money so they can save more for retirement, and by helping them develop a sound investment strategy for retire- ment.
Turnover	SHRM, the Society for Human Resource Management, esti- mates that it costs \$3,500 to replace one \$8,00 per hour employ- ee. Costs for replacing highly trained professionals can exceed a full year's salary.	Financial education drives benefits satisfaction. Employees who are satisfied with their com- pensation and benefits are less likely to leave the company for a higher paying job elsewhere.
Employee Engagement	Employee engagement is highly associated with corporate per- formance. Towers Watson found that in companies with high levels of employee engagement, operating income improved by 19% over 12 months, while in companies with low levels of engagement it declined by 33%.	Financial wellness programs can improve employee engagement by demonstrating an employee's commitment to employees' financial security.

Educate

HR Issue	Impact to Employer	How Financial Wellness Programs can Address the Issue
Performance	Employees with high levels of financial stress fall victim to the "Inverted U" phenomenon of low performance as stress levels increase.	Financial wellness programs significantly lowe employee financial stress and can increase performance as a result.
Productivity	Employees dealing with financial stress are spending company time dealing with their financial woos at work—as much as 20 hours per month per employee, according to the Personal Finance Employee Education Foundation.	Financial wellness programs can help employ- ees resolve their most pressing financial issues so they are no longer operating in a state of financial emergency and can be more produc- tive at work.
Morale	Companies facing low employee morale risk higher costs as- sociated with turnover, lower productivity and performance, lower appreciation for pay and benefits, and lower participation in benefits overall.	Financial wellness programs can boost employee morale by showing the employer's commitment to its employees, and by showing employees the true value of their benefits.
Loyalty to Employer	Employees who are not satisfied with their pay and benefits are less likely to be loyal to their employer. According to MetLife's 10th Annual Study of Employee Benefits Trends report, 81% of employees who are very satisfied with their benefits also feel a very strong sense of loyalty to their employer, compared to 24% of employees who are very dissatisfied with their benefits.	Financial education can improve employee loyalty by increasing their satisfaction with pay and benefits.

Educate



Securities and Advisory Services offered through LPL Financial, a Registered Investment Advisor, Member FINRA/SIP

Educate



Automate	
Auto-Enroll ¹ 59% of plans utilize auto-enrollment 84.6% participation with auto enroll 62.6% participation without auto-enroll	
62.4% participation without auto-enroll	
Auto-Escalate ² 12's of plans utilizing now 40's of deferral increases were driven by auto-programs Only 7's of defeated participants opted out	
Re-Enroll None? Some? All?	
All?	
¹ Aon Hewki's 2013 Universe Benchmark Survey ² Fiolethy 2013	
Automate	
Automate	
CALLED TO SECOND	
The state of the s	
Delegate	
Balanced Fund	
Managed Account	
Target Risk Funds	
Target Date Funds	
$^186\%$ of plans offer Target Date Funds – up from 13% 10 years ago	
¹ Yonguard 2014	

Target Date funds	
To v Through	
Steep v Flat Glidepath	
Active v Passive v Blend	
Custom v Off-The-Shelf	
Proprietary v Open Architecture	
Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration	
Target Date Retirement Funds – Tips for ERISA Plan Fiduciaries	
DOLTips	
1- Establish a process for comparing and selecting TDFs 2- Establish a process for periodic review of selected TDFs	
3- Understand the funds investments Allocation Investments	
How the/II change over time 4- Review the fund fees and investment expenses 5- Lequities about the the courteepers are proportional together fund upper	
5- Inquire about whether a custom or non-proprietary target date fund would be a better fit for your plan 6- Develop effective employee communications	
7- Take advantage of available sources of information to evaluate the TDF and recommendations you received regarding the TDF selection	
8- Document the process	
http://www.dol.gov/ebsa/newsroom/fsTDFhtml	
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What's Next?	
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Decumulate	
Decumulate	
In Plan Guaranteed Income Solutions	
More than 80% of employers doubt that once their employees retire, they will be able to manage their incomes.¹	
Three out of four participants felt it was important that their workplace retirement plan include a guaranteed income feature. 2	
Areas for consideration:	
Insurance Provider Suitability Financial Strength, Ratings, Industry Commitment, Business Line Diversification, etc Cost	
Available Investment Options	
Portability	
**Montheast Survey finals Employees Doubled About Workers Ability to Adequately Program for Retirement.* Ann Henest. 2012. *Production Extractor Ellis Principal Extract Survey. 22.2. 25 (2) 12.2.0. (Adv. 4.5. 2012; DOUBLE About THY MODERS 6-44 TH AND ADDIT HIS RECHIRGAD ACCOUNT MANS.	
Summary	
Retirement Readiness is a challenge	-
Altruism v Business Management – either way, it MATTERS	

We can solve it:
Educate
Automate
Delegate

Decumulate (To Be Continued...)

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Questions?	
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